Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. The acceleration of a particle is  $\boldsymbol{a}$   $t = \beta t \boldsymbol{\iota} - g \boldsymbol{\jmath}$ . Where  $\boldsymbol{a}$  is acceleration in two dimensions,  $\beta$  and g are constants, t is time, and  $\boldsymbol{\iota}$  and  $\boldsymbol{\jmath}$  are unit vectors along the x- and y- axis. The particle starts at the origin (0,0), and has an initial velocity  $\boldsymbol{v}$   $0 = v_0 \boldsymbol{\iota} + \boldsymbol{\jmath}$ . Find the position vector,  $\boldsymbol{r}$   $t = x t \boldsymbol{\iota} + y t \boldsymbol{\jmath}$ . Remember,  $\boldsymbol{a}$   $t = \frac{d^2 \boldsymbol{r}(t)}{dt^2}$ 

2. Find the acceleration of each mass in this Atwood's machine.

